



## Crouzonodermoskeletal syndrome

Crouzonodermoskeletal syndrome is a disorder characterized by the premature joining of certain bones of the skull (craniosynostosis) during development and a skin condition called acanthosis nigricans.

The signs and symptoms of Crouzonodermoskeletal syndrome overlap with those of a similar condition called Crouzon syndrome. Common features include premature fusion of the skull bones, which affects the shape of the head and face; wide-set, bulging eyes due to shallow eye sockets; eyes that do not point in the same direction (strabismus); a small, beaked nose; and an underdeveloped upper jaw. People with Crouzon syndrome or Crouzonodermoskeletal syndrome usually have normal intelligence.

Several features distinguish Crouzonodermoskeletal syndrome from Crouzon syndrome. People with Crouzonodermoskeletal syndrome have acanthosis nigricans, a skin condition characterized by thick, dark, velvety skin in body folds and creases, including the neck and underarms. In addition, subtle changes may be seen in the bones of the spine (vertebrae) on x-rays. Noncancerous growths called cementomas may develop in the jaw during young adulthood.

### Frequency

Crouzonodermoskeletal syndrome is rare; this condition is seen in about 1 person per million.

### Genetic Changes

Mutations in the *FGFR3* gene cause Crouzonodermoskeletal syndrome.

The *FGFR3* gene provides instructions for making a protein that is involved in the development and maintenance of bone and brain tissue. It remains unclear how a mutation in the *FGFR3* gene leads to the characteristic features of Crouzonodermoskeletal syndrome. This genetic change appears to disrupt the normal growth of skull bones and affect skin pigmentation.

### Inheritance Pattern

This condition is inherited in an autosomal dominant pattern, which means one copy of the altered gene in each cell is sufficient to cause the disorder.

In some cases, an affected person inherits the mutation from one affected parent. More commonly, this condition results from new mutations in the gene. These cases occur in people with no history of the disorder in their family.

## Other Names for This Condition

- Crouzon syndrome with acanthosis nigricans

## Diagnosis & Management

### Genetic Testing

- Genetic Testing Registry: Crouzon syndrome with acanthosis nigricans  
<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/gtr/conditions/C2677099/>

### Other Diagnosis and Management Resources

- GeneReview: FGFR-Related Craniosynostosis Syndromes  
<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK1455>
- MedlinePlus Encyclopedia: Acanthosis Nigricans  
<https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/000852.htm>
- MedlinePlus Encyclopedia: Craniosynostosis  
<https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/001590.htm>

### General Information from MedlinePlus

- Diagnostic Tests  
<https://medlineplus.gov/diagnostictests.html>
- Drug Therapy  
<https://medlineplus.gov/drugtherapy.html>
- Genetic Counseling  
<https://medlineplus.gov/geneticcounseling.html>
- Palliative Care  
<https://medlineplus.gov/palliativecare.html>
- Surgery and Rehabilitation  
<https://medlineplus.gov/surgeryandrehabilitation.html>

## Additional Information & Resources

### MedlinePlus

- Encyclopedia: Acanthosis Nigricans  
<https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/000852.htm>
- Encyclopedia: Craniosynostosis  
<https://medlineplus.gov/ency/article/001590.htm>
- Health Topic: Craniofacial Abnormalities  
<https://medlineplus.gov/craniofacialabnormalities.html>

### Additional NIH Resources

- National Institute of Neurological Disorders and Stroke  
<https://www.ninds.nih.gov/Disorders/All-Disorders/Craniosynostosis-Information-Page>

### Educational Resources

- Center for Craniofacial Development and Disorders, Johns Hopkins Medicine  
[http://www.hopkinsmedicine.org/neurology\\_neurosurgery/centers\\_clinics/pediatric\\_neurosurgery/conditions/craniosynostosis/](http://www.hopkinsmedicine.org/neurology_neurosurgery/centers_clinics/pediatric_neurosurgery/conditions/craniosynostosis/)
- Disease InfoSearch: Crouzon syndrome with acanthosis nigricans  
<http://www.diseaseinfosearch.org/Crouzon+syndrome+with+acanthosis+nigricans/8115>
- MalaCards: crouzon syndrome with acanthosis nigricans  
[http://www.malacards.org/card/crouzon\\_syndrome\\_with\\_acanthosis\\_nigricans](http://www.malacards.org/card/crouzon_syndrome_with_acanthosis_nigricans)
- Orphanet: Crouzon syndrome-acanthosis nigricans syndrome  
[http://www.orpha.net/consor/cgi-bin/OC\\_Exp.php?Lng=EN&Expert=93262](http://www.orpha.net/consor/cgi-bin/OC_Exp.php?Lng=EN&Expert=93262)
- Seattle Children's Hospital and Regional Medical Center  
<http://www.seattlechildrens.org/medical-conditions/chromosomal-genetic-conditions/crouzon-syndrome/>
- UC Davis Children's Hospital  
[https://www.ucdmc.ucdavis.edu/children/clinical\\_services/cleft\\_craniofacial/anomalies/crouzon.html](https://www.ucdmc.ucdavis.edu/children/clinical_services/cleft_craniofacial/anomalies/crouzon.html)

### Patient Support and Advocacy Resources

- Children's Craniofacial Association  
<http://www.ccakids.com>
- Resource list from the University of Kansas Medical Center  
<http://www.kumc.edu/gec/support/craniofa.html>

### GeneReviews

- FGFR-Related Craniosynostosis Syndromes  
<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK1455>

### ClinicalTrials.gov

- ClinicalTrials.gov  
<https://clinicaltrials.gov/ct2/results?cond=%22Crouzonodermoskeletal+syndrome%22+OR+%22Craniofacial+Dysostosis%22+OR+%22Crouzon%27s+Disease%22+OR+%22Crouzons+Disease%22+OR+%22Craniosynostosis%22+OR+%22Crouzon+Disease%22>

### Scientific Articles on PubMed

- PubMed  
<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed?term=%28%28crouzonodermoskeletal+syndrome%29+OR+%28crouzon+syndrome+with+acanthosis+nigricans%29%29+AND+english%5Bla%5D+AND+human%5Bmh%5D+AND+%22last+3600+days%22%5Bdp%5D>

### OMIM

- CROUZON SYNDROME WITH ACANTHOSIS NIGRICANS  
<http://omim.org/entry/612247>

### **Sources for This Summary**

- Cohen MM Jr. Let's call it "Crouzonodermoskeletal syndrome" so we won't be prisoners of our own conventional terminology. *Am J Med Genet.* 1999 May 7;84(1):74.  
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<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK1455>
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*Citation on PubMed:* <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/11426459>
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*Citation on PubMed:* <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/10696568>

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